

قسم الأمراض الجلدية والتناسلية وطب الذكورة

اختبار أعمال السنة لطلبة السنة الخامسة طب للعام الجامعي 2017/2016 م

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التاريخ: 24/ /2017م النصاريخ: 14 /2017م

1. Wheal:

- a. Is a secondary lesion.
- b. Varies in its color.
- c. Subsides with scar.
- d. Transient (1-2 hours).

2. Scutula are characteristic of infection with:

- a. Trichophyton violaceum.
- b. Trichophyton rubrum.
- c. Trichophyton schoenleinii.
- d. Microsporum audouinii.

3. Scabietic infestation is:

- a. Caused by notoedres.
- b. Self-limited disease.
- c. If treated, there is absolute immunity to scabies.
- d. If treated, the disease can be re-contracted again and again.

4. The variety of psoriasis that carry better prognosis is:

- a. Guttate.
- b. Erythrodermic.
- c. Pustular.
- d. Arthropathic.

5. Lesions of vitiligo:

- a. Occur in 4-6% of the world's population.
- b. Are asymptomatic.
- c. Do not fuse with neighboring lesions.
- d. Do not affect the pigment in associated hairs.

6. The course of a patch of alopecia areata is:

- a. Stationary.
- b. Gradual extension.
- c. Unpredictable.
- d. Appearance of further patches simultaneously in any part of the scalp.

7. The primary lesion of acne vulgaris is:

- a. Papule.
- b. Pustule.
- c. Nodule.
- d. Comedo.

8. The chancre of primary syphilis (untreated):

- a. Usually appears before the serology is positive.
- b. Always vanishes before secondary lesions appear.
- c. Is always single.
- d. Is usually tender.

9. All of the following statements about gonorrhoea in the adult females are true except:

- a. The condition is asymptomatic in 50% of cases.
- b. Vulva and vagina are sites of infection.
- c. Metastatic complications are similar to those in males.
- d. Urethra and cervix are sites of infection.

10. Hypospermia is diagnosed when the semen picture shows:

- a. Semen volume less than 2ml.
- b. Sperm count less than 20 million/ml.
- c. Sperm motility less than 20%.
- d. Abnormal Sperm morphology more than 20%.

Good Luck